



How to maximize the efficiency of radiation treatment ■

Integrating cobalt-60 machines and linear accelerators



After highlighting the respective characteristics of linear accelerators (linacs) and cobalt-60 (Co-60) teletherapy machines used for cancer treatment, this event will introduce a balanced perspective of the advantages and disadvantages of the two technologies to help Member States take informed decisions, taking into account their local needs and conditions.

MC: Mr Ahmed Meghzifene, Section Head Dosimetry and Medical Radiation Physics Section, Division of Human Health, IAEA

Programme

10:00–10:05	Welcome and opening remarks Ms May Abdel-Wahab, <i>Director Division of Human Health, IAEA</i>
10:05–10:10	Improving access to affordable quality radiotherapy services Ms Nelly Enwerem- Bromson, <i>Director, Division of Programme of Action for Cancer Therapy, IAEA</i>
10:10–10:15	Setting the scene Mr Ahmed Meghzifene, Section Head Dosimetry and Medical Radiation Physics Section, IAEA
10:15–10:25	Overview on technologies and clinical applications Mr Jake Van Dyk, <i>Professor Emeritus of Oncology and Medical Biophysics at Western University</i> , London, Ontario, Canada
10:25–10:35	Challenges of setting up new radiotherapy services in low and middle income countries Mr Saka Sidibé, <i>University Professor and Head of the Radiology and Nuclear Medicine Service, University Hospital Point "G", Bamako, Mali</i>
10:35–10:45	Education and training in medical physics: perspective from the International Organization for Medical Physics (IOMP) Ms Virginia Tsapaki, Secretary general IOMP, Director of Medical Physics Department, Konstantopoulio General Hospital of Athens, Greece
10:45-11:00	Moderated discussion Mr Ahmed Meghzifene, Section Head Dosimetry and Medical Radiation Physics Section, IAEA